

Ferrites and accessories

E 25/13/7 (EF 25)
Core and accessories

Series/Type: B66317, B66208
Date: September 2006



Core B66317

■ To IEC 61246

■ Delivery mode: single units

Magnetic characteristics (per set)

 $\Sigma I/A = 1.1 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

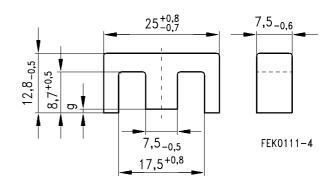
 $l_e = 57.5 \text{ mm}$

 $A_e = 52.5 \text{ mm}^2$

 $A_{min} = 51.5 \text{ mm}^2$

 $V_{e} = 3020 \text{ mm}^{3}$

Approx. weight 16 g/set



Ungapped

Material	A _L value nH	μ_{e}	P _V W/set	Ordering code
N30	2900 +30/–20%	2530		B66317G0000X130
N27	1750 +30/–20%	1520	< 0.59 (200 mT, 25 kHz, 100 °C)	B66317G0000X127
N87	1850 +30/–20%	1620	< 1.60 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B66317G0000X187

Gapped

Material	g mm	A _L value approx. nH	μ_{e}	Ordering code ** = 27 (N27) = 87 (N87)
N27,	0.10 ±0.02	489	425	B66317G0100X1**
N87	0.16 ±0.02	347	302	B66317G0160X1**
	0.25 ±0.02	250	218	B66317G0250X1**
	0.50 ±0.05	151	131	B66317G0500X1**
	1.00 ±0.05	91	79	B66317G1000X1**

The A_L value in the table applies to a core set comprising one ungapped core (dimension g = 0) and one gapped core (dimension g > 0).



Core B66317

Calculation factors (for formulas, see "E cores: general information")

Material	Relationship between air gap – A _L value		Calculation of saturation current				
	K1 (25 °C)	K2 (25 °C)	K3 (25 °C)	K4 (25 °C)	K3 (100 °C)	K4 (100 °C)	
N27	90	-0.731	139	-0.847	129	-0.865	
N87	90	-0.731	139	-0.796	125	-0.873	

Validity range: K1, K2: 0.10 mm < s < 2.00 mm

K3, K4: $60 \text{ nH} < A_L < 570 \text{ nH}$



Accessories B66208

Coil former (magnetic axis horizontal or vertical)

Material: GFR polyterephthalate, UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085:

B66208A, J: F

max. operating temperature 155 °C, color code black

Valox 420-SE0® [E45329 (M)], GE PLASTICS B V

B66208-W: H \triangleq max. operating temperature 180 °C, color code black Rynite FR 530® [E41938 (M)], E I DUPONT DE NEMOURS & CO INC

Solderability: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 (aging 3): 235 °C, 2 s

Resistance to soldering heat: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s

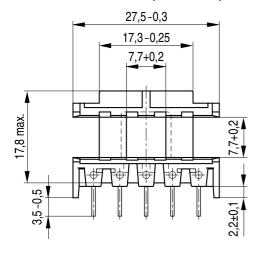
Winding: see Data Book 2007, chapter "Processing notes, 2.1"

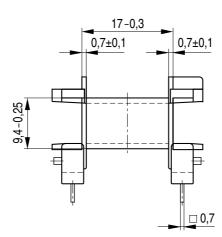
Squared pins.

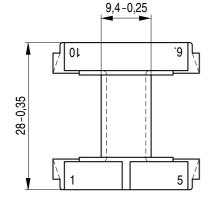
Yoke Material: Stainless spring steel (0.25 mm)

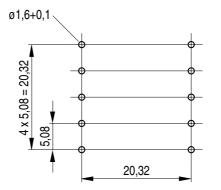
Coil former		Ordering code				
Version	Sections	A _N mm ²	I _N mm	A_R value $\mu\Omega$	Pins	
Horizontal	1	61	50	28	10	B66208A1110T001
Vertical	1	61	50	28	10	B66208J1110T001 B66208W1010T001
Yoke (order	ring code pe	B66208A2010X000				

Horizontal version (B66208A)









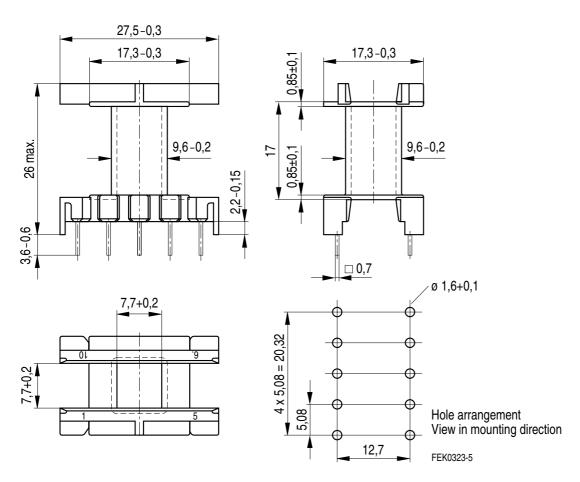
Hole arrangement View in mounting direction

FEK0352-I

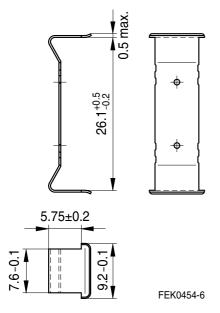


Accessories B66208

Vertical version (B66208W, B66208J)



Yoke





Accessories B66208

Coil former for SMPS transformers with line isolation

Material: GFR polyterephthalate (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085:

F

max. operating temperature 155 °C), color code black

Pocan B4235® [E245249 (M)], LANXESS AG

Solderability: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 (aging 3): 235 °C, 2 s

Resistance to soldering heat: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s

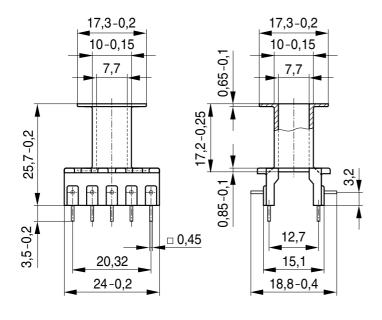
Winding: see Data Book 2007, chapter "Processing notes, 2.1"

Squared pins.

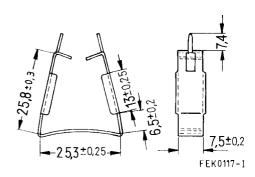
Yoke Material: Nickel silver (0.3 mm) with ground terminal

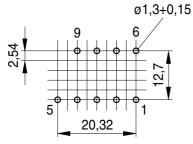
Coil former		Ordering code			
Sections	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
1	56.9	69.2	41.8	9	B66208K1009T001
Yoke (order	ing code per	B66208A2003X000			

Coil former



Yoke





Hole arrangement View in mounting direction

FEK0397-I



Ferrites and accessories

Cautions and warnings

Mechanical stress and mounting

Ferrite cores have to meet mechanical requirements during assembling and for a growing number of applications. Since ferrites are ceramic materials one has to be aware of the special behavior under mechanical load.

As valid for any ceramic material, ferrite cores are brittle and sensitive to any shock, fast changing or tensile load. Especially high cooling rates under ultrasonic cleaning and high static or cyclic loads can cause cracks or failure of the ferrite cores.

For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter "General – Definitions, 8.1".

Effects of core combination on A_L value

Stresses in the core affect not only the mechanical but also the magnetic properties. It is apparent that the initial permeability is dependent on the stress state of the core. The higher the stresses are in the core, the lower is the value for the initial permeability. Thus the embedding medium should have the greatest possible elasticity.

For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter "General – Definitions, 8.2".

Heating up

Ferrites can run hot during operation at higher flux densities and higher frequencies.

NiZn-materials

The magnetic properties of NiZn-materials can change irreversible in high magnetic fields.

Processing notes

- The start of the winding process should be soft. Else the flanges may be destroid.
- To strong winding forces may blast the flanges or squeeze the tube that the cores can no more be mount.
- To long soldering time at high temperature (>300 °C) may effect coplanarity or pin arrangement.
- Not following the processing notes for soldering of the J-leg terminals may cause solderability problems at the transformer because of pollution with Sn oxyd of the tin bath or burned insulation of the wire. For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter "Processing notes, 2.2".
- The dimensions of the hole arrangement have fixed values and should be understood as a recommendation for drilling the printed circuit board. For dimensioning the pins, the group of holes can only be seen under certain conditions, as they fit into the given hole arrangement. To avoid problems when mounting the transformer, the manufacturing tolerances for positioning the customers' drilling process must be considered by increasing the hole diameter.

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